

What Kind of Relationships?

- EmailAddresses
- PhoneNumbers
- Degrees
- Hobbies
- Favorites
- Pets
- FamilyMembers

Reconstructing Our Data

Part One: Joins

So Far... Atomize

- **Break information up into tiny bits**
- **Break information out into multiple tables**
 - Create relations using PKs and FKs
 - 1:1
 - 1:M
 - M:M
- **Define some constraints**
 - Field types
 - Field sizes
 - Required
 - More to come

Reconstructing Atomized Data

- Before we go too far...
- Assurance that you'll recover
- Then, back to atomizing!

Query the Parent

```
SELECT PersonID, FirstName, LastName  
FROM <ParentTable>  
WHERE FirstName = 'Bob'
```

- Returns the unique “PersonID” values

Anatomy of a Query

Get these fields:	SELECT PersonID, FirstName, LastName	3
From this table:	FROM Persons	1
Only these records:	WHERE FirstName = 'Bob'	2

Query the Children of One Parent

Using the “PersonID” value to find Bob’s pets

```
SELECT PetID, PetName
```

```
FROM Pets
```

```
WHERE PersonID = <PersonID>
```

1:1 = one child record returned

1:M = potentially many child records returned

Query Parents with Children

```
SELECT Persons.FirstName,  
Persons.LastName  
FROM Persons
```

...

Query Parents with Children

```
SELECT Persons.FirstName,  
Persons.LastName, Pets.PetName  
FROM Persons  
INNER JOIN Pets  
ON Persons.PersonID=Pets.PersonID;
```

- Must have a match in both tables

JOIN... ON

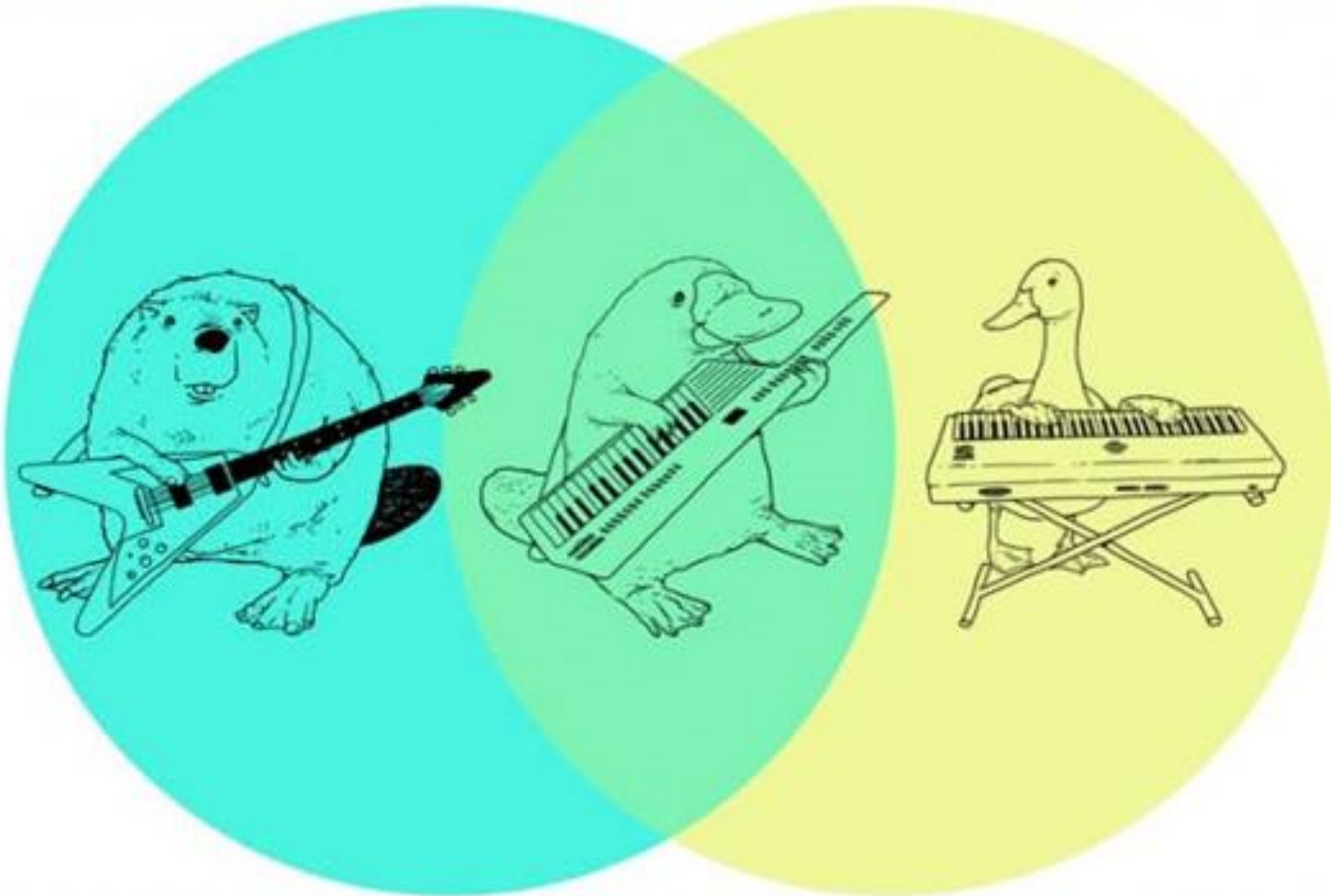
SELECT whatever

FROM Table1

INNER **JOIN** Table2

ON Table1.PK = Table2.FK;

The Venn Diagram



Things that I want to do with my life

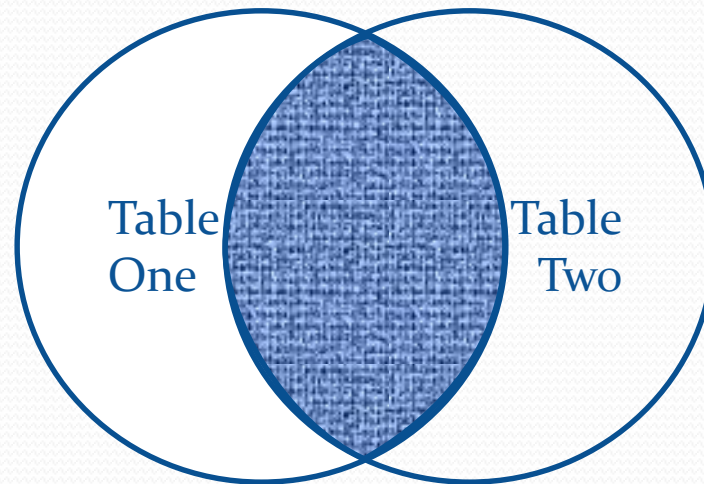
Things that my parents want me to do

Things that I'm good at

Things that are considered "realistic" occupations

Inner Joins

Inner Join



Selects all records that have matches in both tables.

Query Parents with Children

```
SELECT Persons.FirstName,  
Persons.LastName, Pets.PetName  
FROM Persons  
INNER JOIN Pets  
ON Persons.PersonID=Pets.PersonID;
```

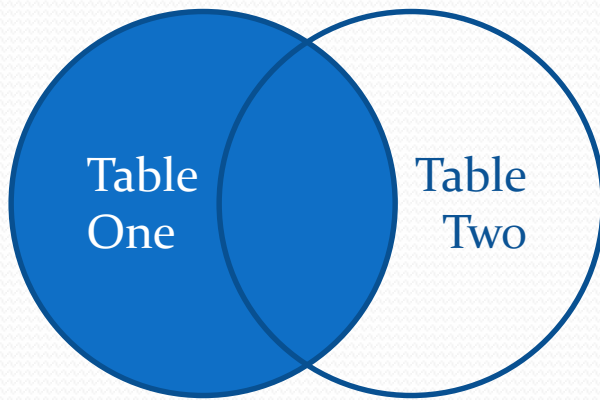
- Must have a match in both tables

Anatomy of a Query Join

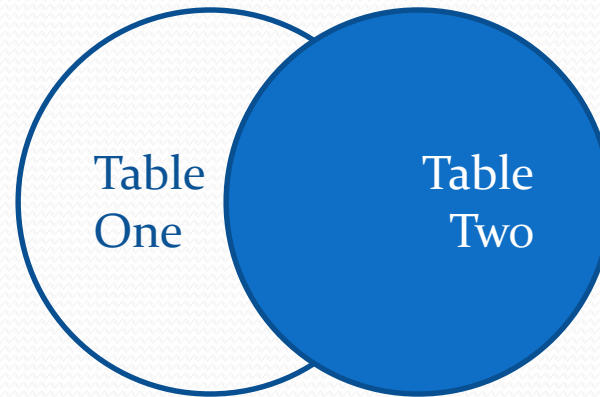
Get these fields:	<pre>SELECT PersonID, FirstName, LastName, PetID, Petname SELECT Persons.PersonID, Persons.FirstName, Persons.LastName, Pets.PetID, Pets.Petname</pre>
From this table:	<pre>FROM Persons INNER JOIN Pets ON Persons.PersonID=Pets.PersonID</pre> <p><i>Virtual Table</i></p>
Only these records:	<pre>WHERE FirstName = 'Bob'</pre>

Outer Joins

Left Outer Join



Right Outer Join



Selects all records from the indicated table and only the matches from the other.

Query All Parents, Whether or Not They Have Matching Children

```
SELECT Persons.FirstName,  
Persons.LastName, Pets.PetName  
FROM Persons  
LEFT OUTER JOIN Pets  
ON Persons.PersonID=Pets.PersonID;
```

- “LEFT JOIN” and “LEFT OUTER JOIN” mean the same thing in MySQL

Query All Children, Whether or Not They Have Matching Parents

```
SELECT Persons.FirstName,  
Persons.LastName, Pets.PetName  
FROM Persons  
RIGHT OUTER JOIN Pets  
ON Persons.PersonID=Pets.PersonID;
```

- “RIGHT JOIN” and “RIGHT OUTER JOIN” mean the same thing in MySQL

Concatenation

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- Gluing the bits back together
- CONCAT

Concatenation

- Gluing the bits back together

```
SELECT CONCAT ('Dearest ', Title, ' ', FirstName,  
' ', LastName) FullName FROM Persons;
```

Concatenation

- Gluing the bits back together

```
SELECT CONCAT ('Dearest ', Title, ' ', FirstName,  
' ', LastName) FullName FROM Persons;
```

FullName = Dearest Mr Helmuth Ranklesbone