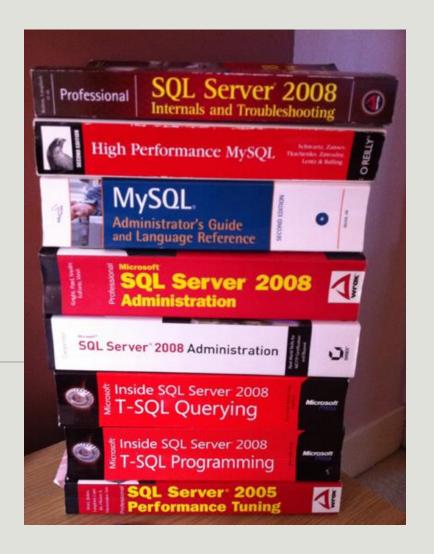
Complex Queries

- REVIEW BASICS
- USING OPERATORS
- FUNCTIONS
- NESTED QUERIES



Single Table Example

Cookies Table
CookieID
Manager
Туре
Price
Calorie

CookieID	Manager	Туре	Price	Calorie
0001	Grace	Chocolate	5	420
0002	Amanda	Caramel	4	480
0003	Grace	Peanut Butter	8	400
0004	Grace	Cranberry	6	300
0005	Araya	Lemon	4	300
006	Araya	Chocolate Mints	5	400

Some Basics

Selection without conditions:

SELECT Type FROM Cookies;

Selection with conditions:

SELECT CookieID FROM Cookies WHERE Manager='Grace';

More Basics

1. Select ALL operator *:

SELECT * FROM Cookies WHERE Manager='Grace';

2. Display non-duplicate values:

SELECT **DISTINCT** Manager FROM Cookies;

3. Column alias:

SELECT Type AS "Flavors", Price FROM Cookies;

4. Concatenation operator:

SELECT CONCAT (Type, 'cookies have', Calorie, 'calories.') FROM Cookies;

5. Arithmetic operations:

SELECT Type, Price, Price * 5 AS "Price for Five Boxes" FROM Cookies;

Complex Queries: the WHERE Clause...

```
SELECT column_name, column_name
FROM table_name
WHERE column_name operator value;
```

Operators in WHERE Clause

Operator	Description
=	Equal
<>	Not equal. Note: In some versions of SQL this operator may be written as !=
>	Greater than
<	Less than
>=	Greater than or equal
<=	Less than or equal
BETWEEN	Between an inclusive range
LIKE	Search for a pattern
IN	To specify multiple possible values for a column

Single Table Example

Cookies Table
Cookie#
Manager
Туре
Price
Calorie

Cookie#	Manager	Туре	Price	Calorie
0001	Grace	Chocolate	5	420
0002	Amanda	Caramel	4	480
0003	Grace	Peanut Butter	8	400
0004	Grace	Cranberry	6	300
0005	Araya	Lemon	4	300
006	Araya	Chocolate Mints	5	400

BETWEEN, LIKE, and IN

```
SELECT column_name(s)
FROM table_name
WHERE column_name LIKE pattern;
```

```
SELECT * FROM Cookies
WHERE Type LIKE 'choco%';
```

```
SELECT column_name(s)
FROM table_name
WHERE column_name BETWEEN value1 AND value2;
```

```
SELECT * FROM Cookies
WHERE Calorie BETWEEN 350 AND 450;
```

```
SELECT column_name(s)
FROM table_name
WHERE column_name IN (value1,value2,...);
```

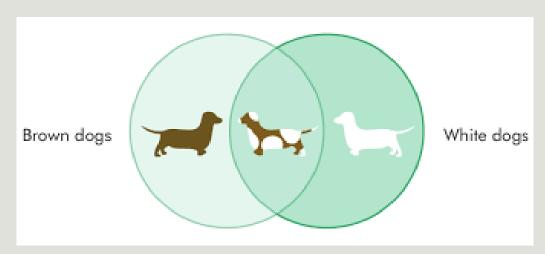
```
SELECT * FROM Cookies
WHERE Manager IN ('Grace', 'Amanda');
```

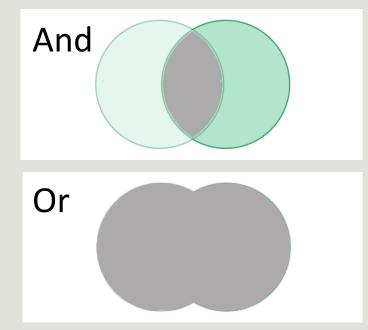
AND, OR, and NOT

The AND operator displays a record if both the first condition AND the second condition are true.

The OR operator displays a record if either the first condition OR the

second condition is true.





Functions

Count(): returns the number of rows that matches a specified criteria

Sum(): returns the total sum of a numeric column

Avg(): returns the average value of a numeric column

Max(): returns the largest value of the selected column

Min(): returns the smallest value of the selected column

Group By: is used in conjunction with the aggregate functions to group the result-set by one or more columns.

Functions

Now(): returns the current system date and time

First(): returns the first value of the selected column

Last(): returns the last value of the selected column

Mid(): is used to extract characters from a text field

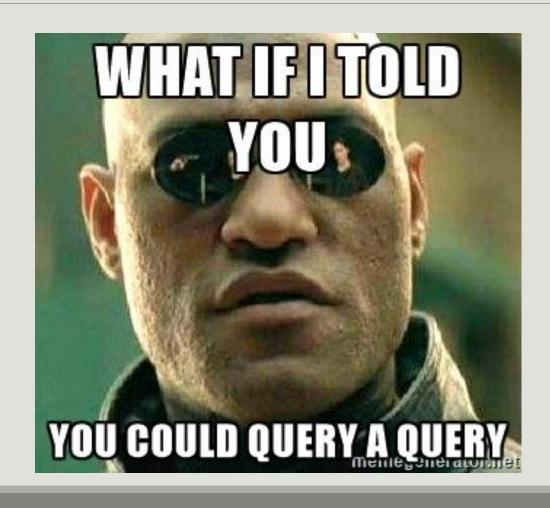
SELECT MID(City,1,4) AS ShortCity FROM Customers;

Ucase(): converts the value of a field to uppercase

Lcase(): converts the value of a field to lowercase

Len(): returns the length of the value in a text field

Round(): is used to round a numeric field to the number of decimals specified



First query

SELECT organizations. Organization ID

FROM organizations

WHERE organizations. Organization LIKE "%university%"

Second query

SELECT FirstName, LastName, Organization

FROM persons

JOIN organizations

ON persons.OrganizationID = organizations.OrganizationID

First and second query nested

SELECT FirstName, LastName, Organization

FROM persons

JOIN organizations

ON persons.OrganizationID = organizations.OrganizationID

WHERE persons. Organization ID IN

(SELECT organizations.OrganizationID

FROM organizations

WHERE organizations. Organization LIKE "%university%")