Syllabus

INLS 718 User Interface Design (3 credits), Fall 2018

Instructor: Fei Yu (feifei@unc.edu)

Class Schedule: Tuesdays 5:45 to 8:30 PM; Manning 208

Office Hours: By appointment; Manning #305 or HSL #551

Prerequisites:

INLS582, System Analysis; INLS382, Information Systems Analysis and Design; or permission of instructor

Course Description

This course introduces fundamental design principles relevant to the design of the human interface to computer-mediated information systems. The major topics to be discussed include universal design principles, user research methods, the characteristics of tasks supported by information systems, user interface design process, and methods for evaluating an interface design.

This course is designed to prepare students to participate in the design of information system interfaces. Its content is dependent on prior knowledge gained in System Analysis (INLS582 or 382), which focuses on analyzing and designing the functions that systems perform. INLS718 also introduce students to the methods used in the evaluation of system interfaces. This course is a prerequisite for INLS818, Seminar in Human-Computer Interaction.

This course is not a programming class although UI/UX designers usually work closely with software engineers or application developers; this is not a graphic design class either although graphic design tools and skills can facilitate the prototyping process.

Textbooks:

- 1. Lidwell, W., Holden, K., Butler, J., & Elam, K. (2010). **Universal principles of design:** 125 Ways to enhance usability, influence perception, increase appeal, make better design decisions, and teach through design. Beverly, Mass: Rockport Publishers.
- Krug, S. (2014). Don't make me think, revisited: A common sense approach to Web usability.
 Indianapolis: New Riders
- 3. Sharps, H., Rogers, Y., & Preeced, J. (2015). Interaction design: Beyond human-computer interaction. Chichester: John Wiley.
- Miller, L. (2015). The practitioner's guide to user experience design. New York: Grand Central Publishing.

	Class Date	Topics	Assignment	Reading	Universal Design Principle
1	Aug. 21	Introduction: user Interaction & user experience Guest speaker (Lynn Eades from UNC HSL)	H1	Sharps, H. (Ch 1, 6)	
2	Aug. 28	Design process and models User centered design Guest Speaker (Matthew Carroll from Bank of America)	H1 due	Lidwell, W.; Sharps, H. (Ch1, 9, 12)	80/20 Rule Advance Organizer Convergence Depth of Processing Design by Committee Development Cycle Flexibility-Usability Tradeoff Iteration Life Cycle Modularity Most advanced Yet Acceptable Not invented here
3	Sept. 4	User study & research method Group-led design/paper discussion	H2	Lidwell, W.; Miller, L. (Ch 1) Sharps, H. (Ch7)	Anthropomorphic Form Attractiveness Bias Baby-Face Bias Contour Bias Horror Vacui Inattentional Blindness Interference Effects Most Average Facial Appearance effect Orientation Sensitivity Uncanny Valley Visibility Waist-to-Hip Ratio
4	Sept. 11	Psychology & human factors User data analysis & communication		Lidwell, W.; Sharps, H. (Ch3, 8)	Archetypes Classical Conditioning Cognitive Dissonance

					Cost-Benefit
		Guest Speaker (Kate Moran from the Nielsen Norman Group)			Defensible Space
					Face-ism Ratio
					Fibonacci Sequence
					Hierarchy of Needs
					Iconic Representation
					Similarity
					Stickiness
					Storytelling
					Figure-Ground relationship
		Conceptual model & mental model Group-led design/paper discussion		Lidwell, W.; Sharps, H. (Ch2); Krug, S. (Ch 1-4)	Highlighting
	Sept. 18		H2 due		Hunter-Nurturer fixations
					Legibility
					Mapping
					Mental model
5					Mimicry
					Performance load
					Personas
					Rosetta Stone
					Three-Dimensional Projection
					Top-Down Lighting bias
					Biophilia effect
			НЗ	Lidwell, W.; Miller, L. (Ch 2) Sharps, H. (Ch10)	Cathedral effect
	Sept. 25	User task descriptions (scenarios, use cases, & task analysis)			Closure
6		Guest Speaker (Brian ARVR)			Errors
					Factor of Safety
					Forgiveness

					Form Follows Function
					Garbage In-Garbage Out
					Immersion
					Priming
					Readability
					Red Effect
					Comparison
					Desire Line
					Fitts' Law
					Golden Ratio
		Documenting user tasks Guest Speaker (Ryan Tyler & Art Swanson from Optum)			Hick's Law
				Lidwell, W.; Krug, S. (Ch 6-7)	Hierarchy of Needs
7	Oct. 2				Pictures Superiority Effect
					Rule of Thirds
					Satisficing
					Storytelling
					Structural Forms
					Symmetry
					Chunking
				Lidwell, W.; Krug, S. (Ch 6-7)	Expectation Effect
					Exposure Effect
		Information architecture t. 9 Group-led design/paper discussion			Five Hat Racks
8	Oct. 9		H4 H3 due		Framing
					Hierarchy
					Inverted Pyramid
					Layering
					Progressive Disclosure

				Propositional Density
				Scarcity
				Wayfinding
9	Oct. 16	No class (mid-term evaluation & reading assignment)	Lidwell, W.; Miller, L. (Ch 3)	
		· casamg accagament,		Accessibility
				Aesthetic-Usability effect
				Affordance
				Alignment
	Oct. 23			Area Alignment
		Developing and documenting the design	Lidwell, W.;	Color
10			Miller, L. (Ch 3)	Confirmation
		Group-led design/paper discussion		Constancy
				Control
				Entry point
				Good continuation
				Proximity
				Archetypes
			Lidwell, W.; Miller, L. (Ch 3); Sharps, H. (Ch11-12)	Common Fate
				Gutenberg Diagram
				Iteration
		Prototyping and tools		Normal distribution
11	Oct. 30	Guest speaker (UNC CHAI CORE)		Ockham's Razor
				Operant Conditioning
				Prototyping
				Self-Similarity
				Symmetry

					Uniform Connectedness
					Visuospatial Resonance
2	Nov. 6	No class (out for conference)	H5 H4 due	Lidwell, W.; Miller, L. (Ch 4) Krug, S. (Ch 8-9)	
					Confirmation
					Consistency
					Feedback Loop
	Nov. 13				Freeze-Flight-Fight-forfeit
				Lidwell, W.;	Law of Pragnanz
.3		Usability & evaluation methods		Miller, L. (Ch 4)	Most Advanced Yet Acceptable
.э		Group-led design/paper discussion		Sharps, H. (Ch13-14)	Nudge
				(61123-11)	Performance Versus Preferece
					Recognition Over Recall
					Signal-to-Noise Ratio
					Uncertainty principle
					Weakest link
					Constraint
					Mnemonic Device
				Lidwell, W.;	Redundancy
4	New 20	Usability testing case study		Sharps, H. (Ch13, 15)	Savanna Preference
.4	Nov. 20	Guest Speaker (Dr. Janey Barnes from user-view Inc.)			Scaling Fallacy
					Serial Position Effects
					Shaping

					Threat Detection
					Uncertainty Principle
					Von Restorff Effect
					Wabi-sabi
					Weakest Link
15	Nov. 27	No class (usability testing for class project)			
		Special topics		Krug, S. (Ch	
16	Dec. 5		H5 due	10-13)	
		Class Project Presentation		,	
		·	Final		
	Dec. 12	No class	Deliverable		
			due		

Course Requirement

Requirement	% of total grade
Attendance	10%
Class participation	
 Group-led design critique or paper discussion 	10%
 Student presentation on design principles 	30%
Assignments	30%
Class project & presentation	20%

Grading

Undergraduate Students		Graduate Students	
Grade	Range	Grade	Range
Α	90-100	Н	95-100
В	80-89	Р	80-94
С	70-79	L	70-79
D	60-69	F	69 or below
F	59 or below		

Absence

This is a once-a-week class and a lot of materials are packed into each session. If you miss a session, you will miss a lot. If you have more than 2 absences (or any unexcused absences), your attendance and participation grade will decrease by 25% for every subsequent absence.

Writing Skills and Citation Information

Strong written communication skills are critical in both academia and the workplace. Your responses to assignments must be well-organized, clear, concise, free from grammatical errors, original, and corrected cited. Students who have questions about their writing, or who want to improve their writing are encouraged to contact the Writing Center (http://writingcenter.unc.edu/) which has many excellent resources to help you with your writing.

I do not require a single specific style of citation, although you are welcome to use an established citation style like Chicago or APA. My **main priority** is that I am able to access the same resources that you used based on the citation you provided. This means providing the unique identifiers of your source, which include:

- Author (this can be an individual or an organization such as Kaiser Family Foundation).
- Year of publication.
- Title of publication.
- If you accessed the resource online:
 - o Date of access (the date that you viewed the website).
 - o A link to the resource.
- If you are referencing a journal article, in addition to the online citation, please also include the journal name, volume, pages, etc.

Put your full references at the end of your document, and some short unique identifier (either author, year or a number) after the part of your writing that is being cited. For example, if I were citing the Kaiser Overview of Health Reform, in the text I would write:

Most U.S. citizens are now required to have some form of health insurance coverage (Kaiser Family Foundation, 2010)

Or I could also write:

Most U.S. citizens are now required to have some form of health insurance coverage (1).

Then, at the end of my answer, I would put (with any other references that I had used):

1.) Kaiser Family Foundation. (2010). *Overview of Health Reform*. Retrieved May 13, 2013 from http://www.kff.org/healthreform/8061.cfm

Don't worry too much about the details of the citation format beyond what I mentioned here. The priority is just to get you in the habit of citing your sources. Many fields and departments have a specific

citation format that they prefer, and you can use this to practice, or plan to learn it later when it becomes necessary.

Due Dates and Late Work

The homework assignments are normally due on Tuesdays before 5:45 PM. A late penalty of 10% per day will be applied unless prior arrangements have been made with the instructor. Students are highly encouraged to submit their homework even if it is late.

Sakai

We will use Sakai for Course Materials and Homework Assignments, and the Class Project Deliverable. It is the responsibility of each student to make sure they have access to Sakai and can submit assignments when they are due. If for some reason you are unable to submit an assignment to SaKai, you may email it to me along with a note about the problem you encountered.

Honor Code

Faculty and students at the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill adhere to their Code of Student Conduct. Accordingly, you all should recognize that most software applications available in the computer lab are copyrighted and cannot be copied. We can learn much from each other and we will do that. I expect each of you to help each other. We'll discuss what we expect in terms of cooperative, collaborative, shared work and the honor code.

The code of student conduct

It shall be the responsibility of every student at The University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill to obey and support the enforcement of the Honor Code, which prohibits lying, cheating, or stealing when these actions involve academic processes or University, student or academic personnel acting in an official capacity.

It shall be the further responsibility of every student to abide by the Campus Code; namely, to conduct oneself so as not to impair significantly the welfare or the educational opportunities of others in the University community.