

# What Kind of Relationships?

- EmailAddresses
- PhoneNumbers
- Degrees
- Hobbies
- Favorites
- Pets
- FamilyMembers

# Reconstructing Our Data

Part One: Joins

# So Far... Atomize

- **Break information up into tiny bits**
- **Break information out into multiple tables**
  - Create relations using PKs and FKs
    - 1:1
    - 1:M
    - M:M
- **Define some constraints**
  - Field types
  - Field sizes
  - Required
  - More to come

# Reconstructing Atomized Data

- Before we go too far...
- Assurance that you'll recover
- Then back to atomizing

# Query the Parent

```
SELECT PersonID, FirstName, LastName  
FROM <ParentTable>  
WHERE FirstName = 'Bob'
```

- Returns the unique “PersonID” value

# Query the Children of One Parent

Using the “PersonID” value to find Bob’s pets

```
SELECT PetID, PetName
```

```
FROM Pets
```

```
WHERE PersonID = <PersonID>
```

1:1 = one child record returned

1:M = potentially many child records returned

# Query Parents with Children

```
SELECT Persons.FirstName,  
Persons.LastName  
FROM Persons
```

...

# Query Parents with Children

```
SELECT Persons.FirstName,  
Persons.LastName, Pets.PetName  
FROM Persons  
INNER JOIN Pets  
ON Persons.PersonID=Pets.PersonID;
```

- Must have a match in both tables



# JOIN... ON

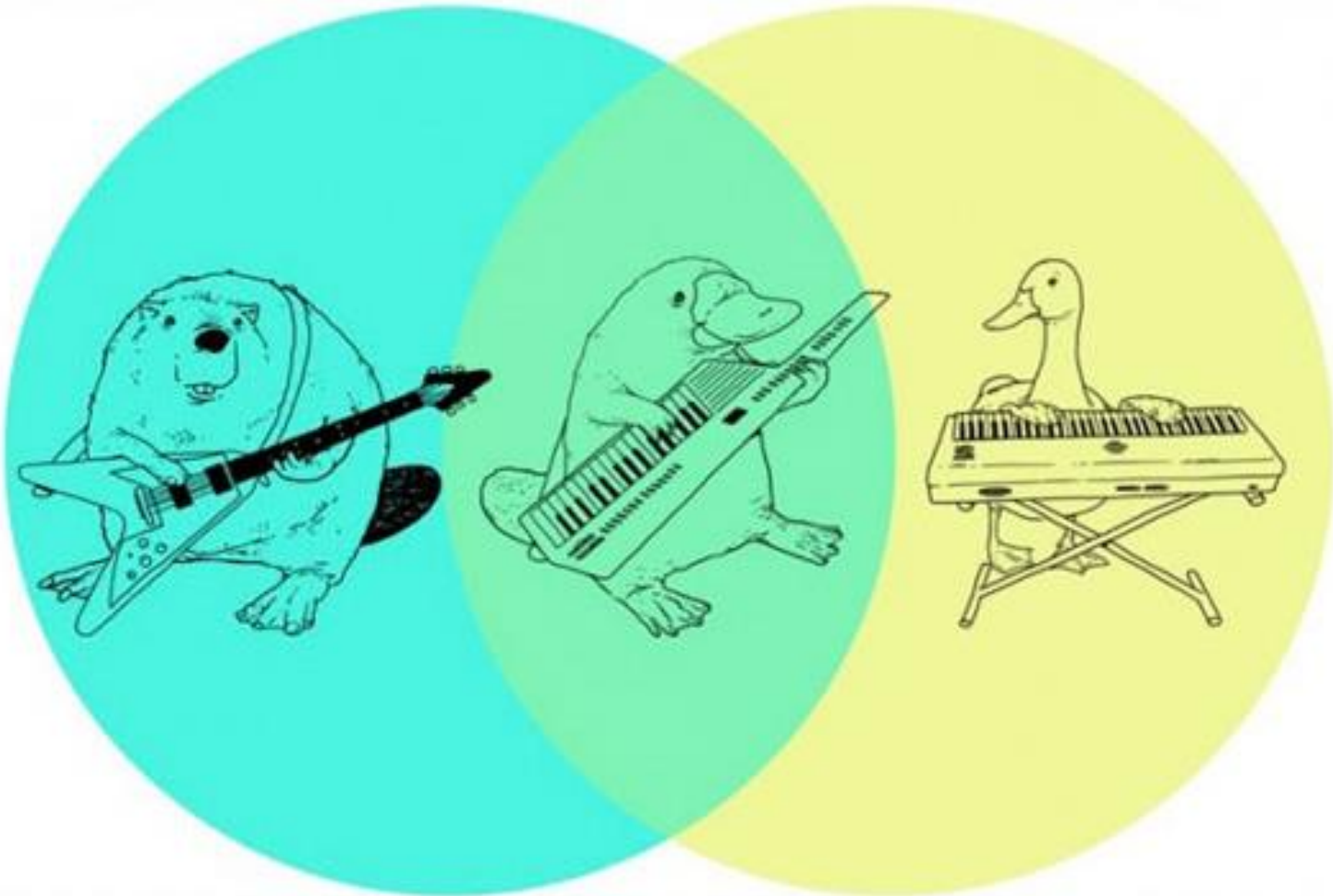
SELECT whatever

FROM Table1

INNER **JOIN** Table2

**ON** Table1.PK = Table2.FK;

# The Venn Diagram



# **This is what is happening with my life right now...**

Things that I want to  
do with my life

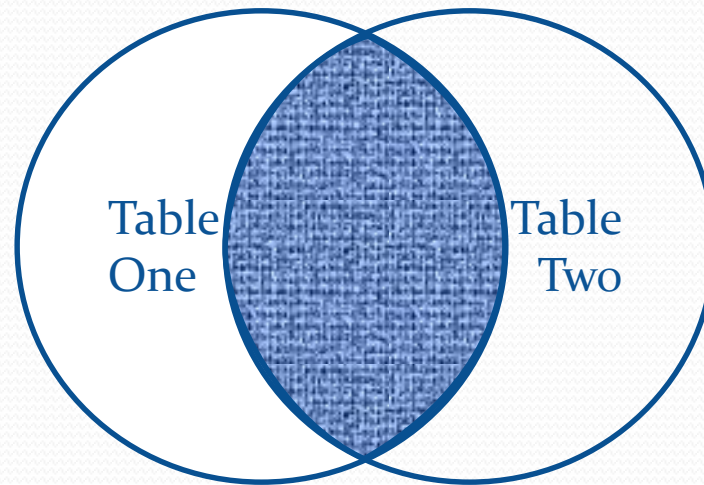
Things that my parents  
want me to do

Things that I'm good at

Things that are considered  
"realistic" occupations

# Inner Joins

Inner Join



Selects all records that have matches in both tables.

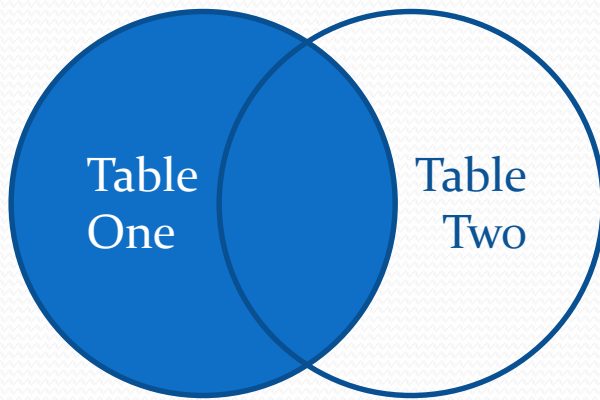
# Query Parents with Children

```
SELECT Persons.FirstName,  
Persons.LastName, Pets.PetName  
FROM Persons  
INNER JOIN Pets  
ON Persons.PersonID=Pets.PersonID;
```

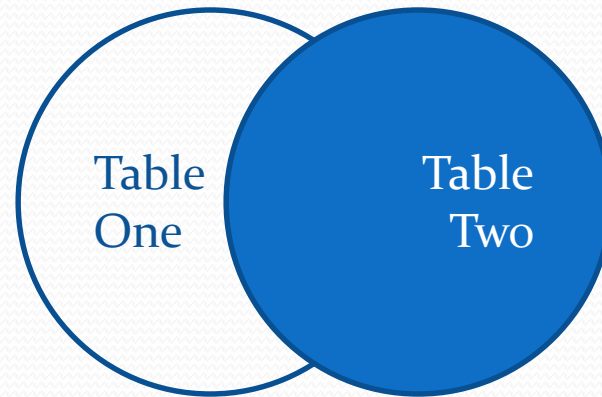
- Must have a match in both tables

# Outer Joins

Left Outer Join



Right Outer Join



Selects all records from the indicated table and only the matches from the other.

# Query All Parents, Whether or Not They Have Matching Children

```
SELECT Persons.FirstName,  
Persons.LastName, Pets.PetName  
FROM Persons  
LEFT OUTER JOIN Pets  
ON Persons.PersonID=Pets.PersonID;
```

- “LEFT JOIN” and “LEFT OUTER JOIN” mean the same thing in MySQL

# Query All Children, Whether or Not They Have Matching Parents

```
SELECT Persons.FirstName,  
Persons.LastName, Pets.PetName  
FROM Persons  
RIGHT OUTER JOIN Pets  
ON Persons.PersonID=Pets.PersonID;
```

- “RIGHT JOIN” and “RIGHT OUTER JOIN” mean the same thing in MySQL



# Concatenation

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- Gluing the bits back together
- CONCAT

# Concatenation

- Gluing the bits back together

```
SELECT CONCAT ('Dearest ', Title, ' ', FirstName,  
' ', LastName) FullName FROM Persons;
```

# Concatenation

- Gluing the bits back together

```
SELECT CONCAT ('Dearest ', Title, ' ', FirstName,  
' ', LastName) FullName FROM Persons;
```

FullName = Dearest Mr Helmuth Ranklesbone