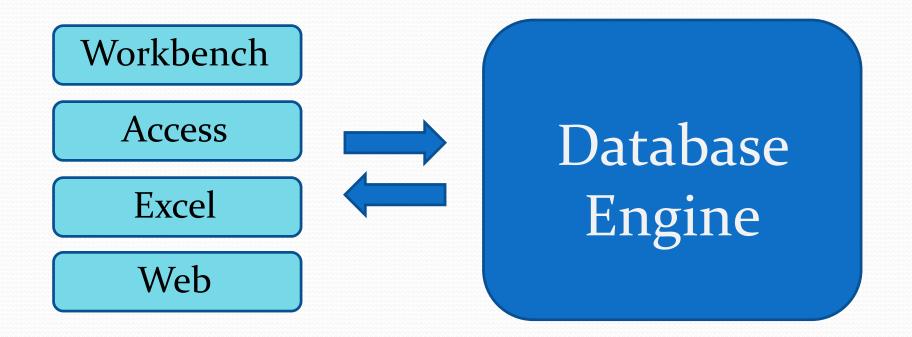
# Distributed Databases

#### **Promiscuous Server-based DBMS**

 A server-based database management system allows many users (clients) to interact simultaneously, increases processing power, and reduces bandwidth.



## The WiderNet Wikipedia Database

#### **SERVER**

Host: sils-wnegdemo.ad.unc.edu

Username: unc

Password: widernet

#### **CLIENTS**

MySQL Workbench

Excel

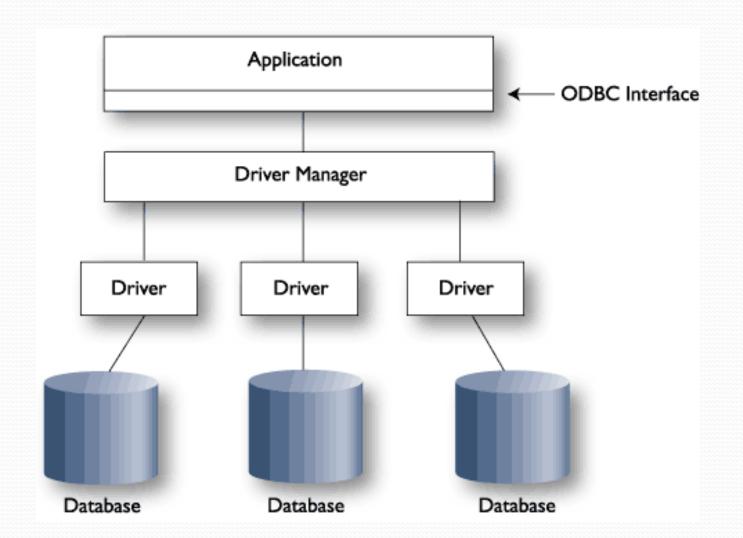
**SSH Command Line** 

Web interface (phpMyAdmin)

Etc.

## **ODBC - Open Database Connectivity**

- Standard programming language middleware
- Relational and non-relational databases
- Translation layer
- CLI, JDBC, iODBC all based on ODBC
- Universal standard for cross-platform data access
- An ODBC-compliant application works with any DBMS that has a driver installed. (And almost every serious DBMS has a ODBC driver.)
- Buyer's assurance.

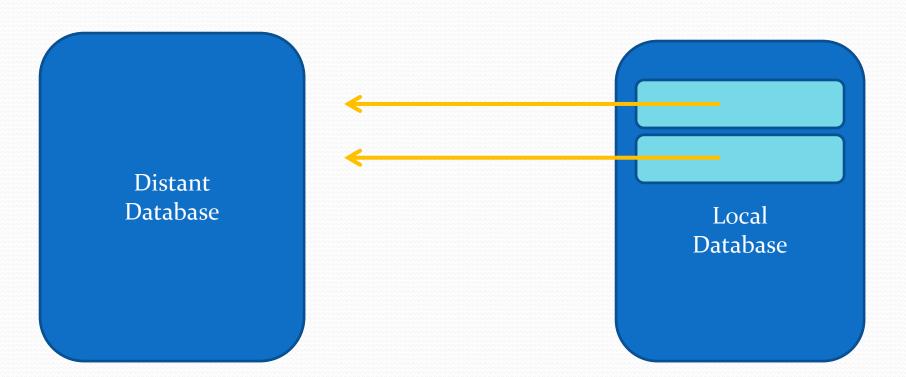


# Distributing Storage

- Data is stored on one or more servers
- Edge technology
- Enterprise databases stored on multiple servers
- Redundancy
- Less-used data stored "nearline"
- Google Data Center video

#### Federation

- Data is stored on master server(s)
- Child servers maintain "views"
- Only structures and relationships stored locally



### **Cloud Databases**

- Upsides
  - Database storage and maintenance is centralized
  - Easier to deploy a new database
  - Lots of creative applications with easy collaborations
  - Saves bandwidth... yada, yada
- Downsides
  - Where's Waldo's data? Who's looking for it?
  - Tracking browsing, trading, and users
  - Lots of evil applications with easy collaborations
  - Increases bandwidth usage

# Lightbeam Demo

- Who's zoomin' who?
- Firefox add-in to track the trackers





# Databases Dominate!!!

She who has the best database wins...

