

# User Modelling and Archive Engineering

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Presentation at UNC School of Information and Library Science

October 10, 2014

# 1. Outline

This presentation wants to engage your thoughts by asking you to

- Carefully observe scientific data
- Then formulate answers to some questions

The Major Question Areas are

- Is the Sun's Energy Input to Earth's Climate Changing?
- What Kind of Users Interact With a Rock Core Archive?
- Can Users Find Data Without Keywords?
- How Do We Formulate a Model of User Activities?

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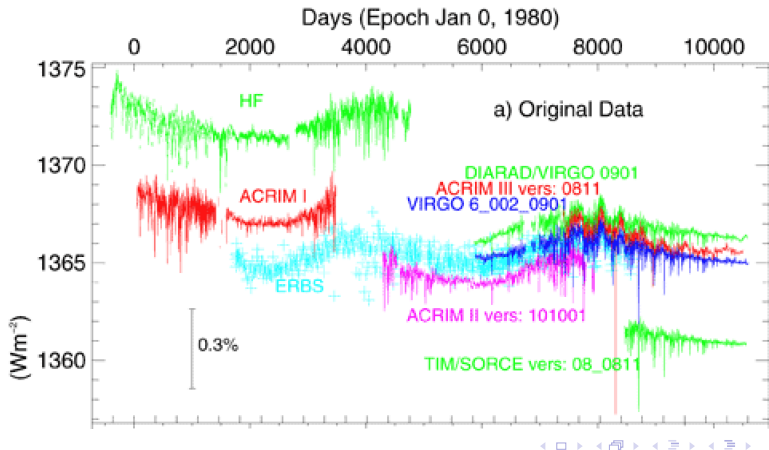
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# 1. Is the Sun's Output Changing?

- Data From Several Satellite Instruments



## Question on the Sun's Output

- Jot down a note indicating whether you think these data show
  - Sun's output is increasing with time
  - Sun's output is more or less constant
  - Sun's output is decreasing with time
  - I need more information
- If you need more information, jot down what you think would help?

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## Some Contextual Ideas

Robertson, S. and Zaragoza, H., 2009: *The Probabilistic Relevance Framework: BM25 and Beyond* suggest data users have **Information Needs** (or **Search Intents**). We'll categorize these as

- **Desired Outcomes:** what would make the user feel his or her information needs were satisfied
- **Archive Output:** the objects the archive provides to try to help the user reach the Desired Outcome
- Outcomes may not be easy to quantify
- Output is the basis for engineering an archive's capacity to meet user's needs

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# Applying These Ideas to the Solar Constant Data

- Initial impression of data
  - **Desired Outcome:** Reliable conclusion about whether the Sun's output was changing
  - **Archive Output:** Data from  $\approx 10,000$  days of observation (multiple files)
- Revised information need
  - **Desired Outcome:** Understanding the physical basis for correcting the data to get a better understood trend
  - **Archive Output:** Data and a mathematical model of each instrument, with derivations, algorithms, and source code
- How would you modify the archive's systems to *sense* the change in Desired Output and *respond appropriately* to the perceived change?

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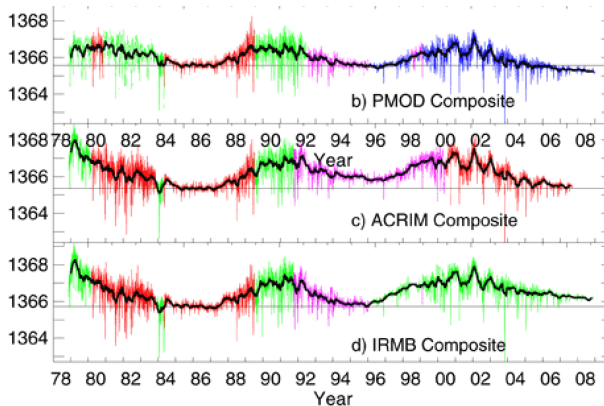
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# Which Corrections Produce the Best Estimate?

“Corrected Solar Constant” Data Estimated by Three Groups of Scientists





# How Would You Cite the Sources of the “Corrected” Data?

Context-setting considerations:

- Journals only have room for a half page of references on a typical paper
- An investigator may want to devote particular attention to small subsets of data

Some suggestions:

- Make citation an archival *web service* that references sources for each data point
- Visualize selected data

Jot down your own ideas so we can discuss them.

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- Descriptions of users sometimes seem to treat all users as being “The Same”
- Users can differ in many ways
  - Age
  - Educational Attainment
  - Disciplinary Experience (years of on-the-job work)
  - Skill Sets (including math skills)
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# Rock Core Generation

## Rock Cores Are Rocks Obtained by Drilling a Well

- Drilling crew uses a long hollow pipe that may be 1 to 2 km (about a mile) long.
- When the crew extracts the pipe from the well, they put the rocks in the pipe in boxes about 1 m (3 ft) long, making sure to keep the order of the layers.
- By law, part of the rock cores in the boxes must be deposited into a state-maintained rock core archive.

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## Store the Boxed Cores in the Archive's Stacks

Ms. Denise Hills, Program Director of Energy Investigations for the Alabama Geological Survey's Rock Core Archive Shows How the Archive Stores the Labelled Boxes in the Archive Stacks.



## Box Labels Record Metadata for the Cores They Contain

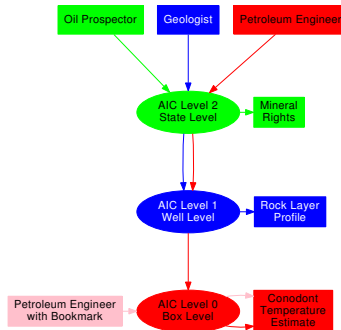
## Some Rock Cores are Just Fragments That Need Their own Identification Within the Organization Provided by the Box Labels





# A Rock Core Archive Has a Hierarchical Collection Structure

The Archive Information Collections (AIC's) Form a Hierarchy Used by Different User Communities in Different Ways



# Each User Community Has Its Own Information Outcomes and Outputs

- Oil Prospector (informal “civilian” dress)
  - **Outcome:** townships with unsurveyed strata
  - **Output:** list of well permits including civil locations
- Geologist (academic dress – usually has all fingers and fingertips)
  - **Outcome:** 3D visualization of strata below surface
  - **Output:** Rock layer profiles in one or more wells
- Petroleum Engineer (managerial dress - white shirt and tie)
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# Questions: How Does an Archive Accommodate User Community Diversity

- Should an archive have one path to its holdings or should it have tailored paths that adapt to the recognizable communities it has to deal with?
- If it chooses to tailor paths, how does it recognize to which community a particular user belongs?
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- Documents are usually text based.
- It's natural to think of using text based tools
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  - Controlled Vocabularies
  - Statistical Ranking Based on Keywords From Many Users
- Jot down other tools that use textual searches
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- NOAA has a collection of aerial photographs for helping with damage assessment after major storms (Katrina, Sandy); see <http://storms.ngs.noaa.gov/eri.page/index.html>
- Within 2 or 3 days after the storm (when there are few clouds), NOAA sends an aircraft with a camera to obtain images of areas with severe damage
- There are many thousands of images
- Users can obtain individual full-resolution jpg images, individual thumbnails, or files that zip up many images along portions of a flight path
- Jot down your idea of a strategy for helping a user find an appropriate search output
- Can you think of a way of helping the user that doesn't use keywords or rankings or latitude and longitude?

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- Within 2 or 3 days after the storm (when there are few clouds), NOAA sends an aircraft with a camera to obtain images of areas with severe damage
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## Some Observations on the NOAA ERI Example

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- A librarian suggested that a real reference librarian would have a **reference interview** to provide a search context and suggest resources to match the search to the perceived user needs

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# An Alternative Model

- A standard Artificial Intelligence text [Russell and Norvig, 2010] suggests treating the problem as a **two-agent cooperative game**
  - The **Search Engine** doesn't know what the user wants – but *knows the archive's contents*
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The basic components:

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  - A steady-state model of this type can be a **Markov model**
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